



Printing date 31.03.2021 Version number 8 Revision: 31.03.2021

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier · Trade name: 523 LBZ · Article number: 01015

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the mixture Abrasive and polishing compound

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

Menzerna polishing compounds GmbH & Co. KG Industriestraße 25

76470 ÖTIGHEIM

**GERMANY** 

sds@menzerna.com Tel.: +49 (0) 7222 9157-0 www.menzerna.com

- · Further information obtainable from: Product and Environmental Safety Department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970 / 1-800-424-9300 CCN 842438

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS08 health hazard

STOT RE 1 H372 Causes damage to the lung through prolonged or repeated exposure. Route of exposure: Inhalation.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms



- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Quartz (SiO2)

· Hazard statements

H372 Causes damage to the lung through prolonged or repeated exposure. Route of exposure: Inhalation.

· Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment:

Workers (and their customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards.

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Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

- 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture: consisting of the following components.

· Dangerous components:			
CAS: 14808-60-7 EINECS: 238-878-4 Reg.nr.: 02-2119702110-65	Quartz (SiO2)	♦ STOT RE 1, H3	72 25-50%

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- · After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

· After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No further relevant information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat according to symptoms.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: Water spray, foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide.
- For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

• 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

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Keep unnecessary personnel away. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection recommended in section 8.

- · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of dust.

- · Information about fire and explosion protection: No special measures required.
- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Storage temperature: between 5°C and 30°C.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions: None.
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

CAS: 14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)

BOELV Long-term value: 0.1\* mg/m<sup>3</sup>

\*respirable fraction

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Appropriate engineering controls No further data: see item 7.
- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device. Filter P2

Hand protection

Normally one does not come into direct contact with the product during use. At the risk of entanglement of protective glove in rotating or linear moving machine parts protective gloves should not be worn. Recommendation for short-term exposure: Use chemical resistant gloves.

### **Material of gloves**

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: > 0.45 mm

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be (Contd. on page 4)





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checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material

≥ 480 min

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

- Eye/face protection Safety glasses
- **Body protection:** Protective work clothing

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

· 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· General Information

· Colour: Grev

· Odour: Characteristic · Odour threshold: Not determined. > 40 °C (> 104 °F)

Melting point/freezing point:

· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

> 100 °C (> 212 °F) range · Flammability Not determined.

· Lower and upper explosion limit

· Lower: Not determined. · Upper: Not determined. · Flash point: > 100 °C (> 212 °F) **Auto-ignition temperature:** Product is not selfigniting.

· Decomposition temperature: Not determined. · pH Not applicable.

Viscosity:

· Kinematic viscosity Not applicable. · Dynamic: Not applicable.

· Solubility

· water: Insoluble.

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not determined. · Vapour pressure: Not applicable.

Density and/or relative density

Not determined. · Density: · Relative density Not determined. · Vapour density Not applicable. · Particle characteristics See item 3.

· 9.2 Other information

· Appearance:

· Form: Solid

· Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

· Explosive properties: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

· Solvent content:

· VOC (EC) 0.00 %

· Change in condition · Softening point/range

 Oxidising properties Not determined.

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· Evaporation rate	Not applicable.	
· Information with regard to physical hazard		
classes		
· Explosives	Void	
Flammable gases	Void	
· Aerosols	Void	
· Oxidising gases	Void	
Gases under pressure	Void	
Flammable liquids	Void	
Flammable solids	Void	
· Self-reactive substances and mixtures	Void	
· Pyrophoric liquids	Void	
· Pyrophoric solids	Void	
Self-heating substances and mixtures	Void	
· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable		
gases in contact with water	Void	
· Oxidising liquids	Void	
· Oxidising solids	Void	
· Organic peroxides	Void	
Corrosive to metals	Void	
· Desensitised explosives	Void	

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity None under normal conditions.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to the lung through prolonged or repeated exposure. Route of exposure: Inhalation.

- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Additional toxicological information:
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the

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overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

- 11.2 Information on other hazards
- Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

- 12.7 Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Must be specially treated adhering to official regulations.

· Waste disposal key:

Waste codes should be determined in consultation with the customer, supplier and disposal.

- Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation:

Packagings that may not be cleansed are to be disposed of in the same manner as the product. Disposal must be made according to official regulations.





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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void	
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void	
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
· ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA · Class	Void	
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void	
· 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant:	No	
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Not applicable.	
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable.		
· UN "Model Regulation":	Void	

## \* SECTION 15: Regulatory information

• **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture** Regulation 1907/2006/EC, REACH concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.

Regulation 453/2010/EU, REACH as amended.

Regulation 1272/2008/EC, on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures.

- Directive 2012/18/EU
- Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment – Annex II

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148
- · Annex I RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

The details of the safety data sheet apply only to the product described in the context of its intended use. The information is based on the current state of our knowledge. It is intended to describe our product in view of the risks posed by it and the relevant precautionary measures. It does not represent an assurance of product and quality characteristics. The information in this safety data sheet is required under Article 31 and Annex II of Regulation EC (VO) no. 1907/2006.

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### · Relevant phrases

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### · Training hints

Employees must be made aware of the presence of crystalline quartz and be trained in the proper use and handling of this product in accordance with applicable regulations.

Justification of the DIRECTIVE (EU) 2017/2398 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 12 December 2017 amending Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work:

- (18) There is sufficient evidence of the carcinogenicity of respirable crystalline silica dust. On the basis of available information, including scientific and technical data, a limit value for respirable crystalline silica dust should be established. Respirable crystalline silica dust generated by a work process is not subject to classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. It is therefore appropriate to include work involving exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust generated by a work process in Annex I to Directive 2004/37/EC and to establish a limit value for respirable crystalline silica dust ('respirable fraction') that should be subject to review, in particular in light of the number of workers exposed.
- (19) Guides and examples of good practices produced by the Commission, the Member States or the social partners, or other initiatives, such as the Social Dialogue 'Agreement on Workers' Health Protection Through the Good Handling and Use of Crystalline Silica and Products Containing it' (NEPSi) are valuable and necessary instruments to complement regulatory measures and in particular to support the effective implementation of limit values, and should therefore be given serious consideration. They include measures to prevent or minimise exposure such as water-assisted suppression to prevent dust from becoming airborne in the case of respirable crystalline silica.

In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003).

· Department issuing SDS: Product and Environmental Safety Department

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### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 1

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.